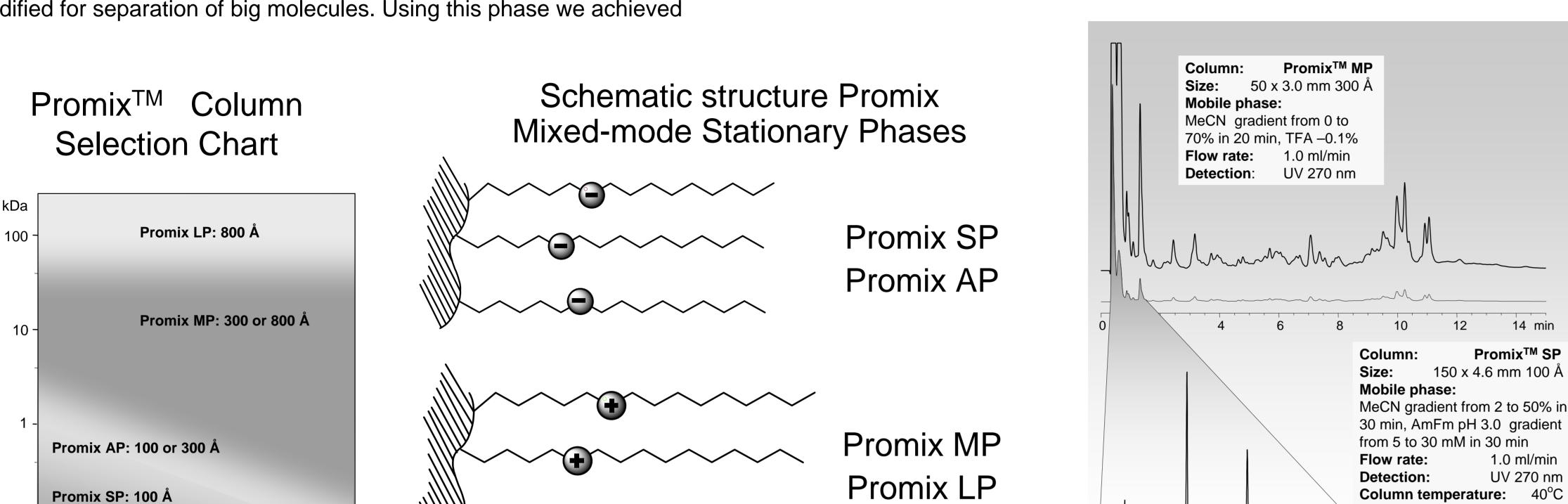
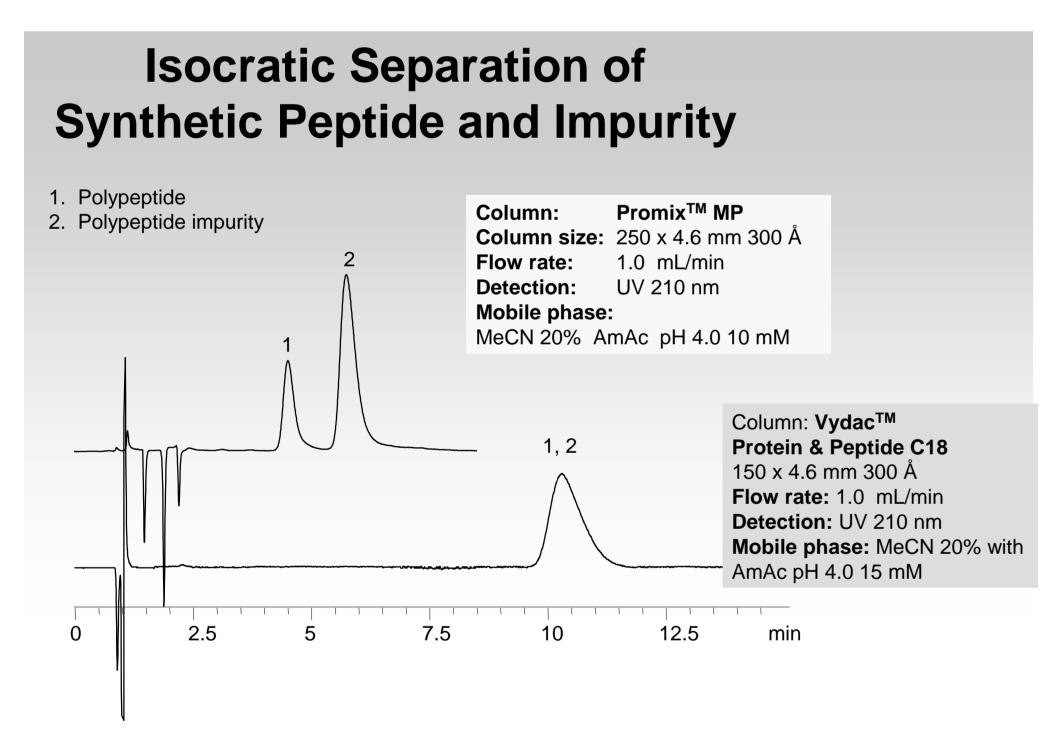
Alternative Approach to Protein Separation by HPLC

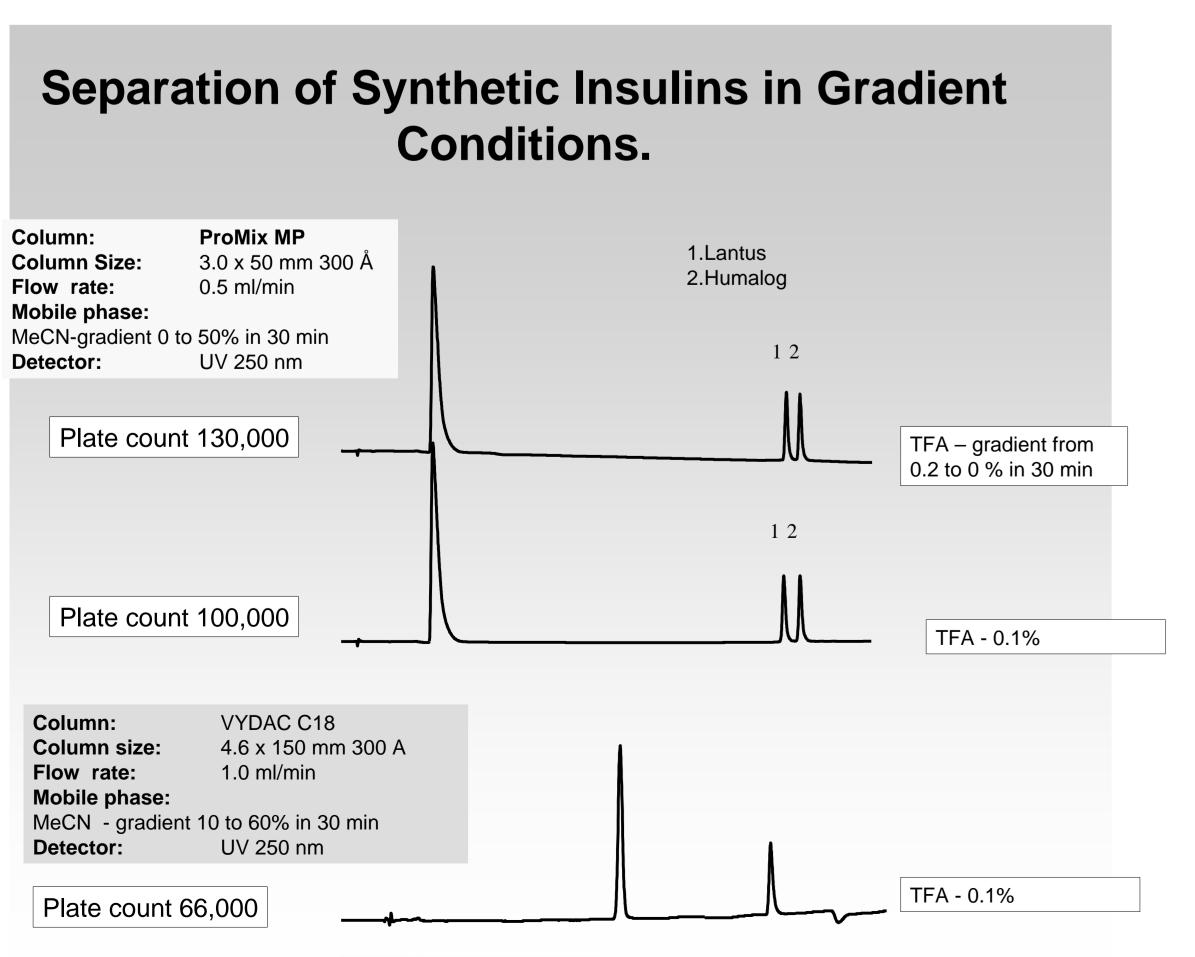
Yury Zelechonok, Vlad Orlovsky, SIELC Technologies, Prospect Heights, IL USA

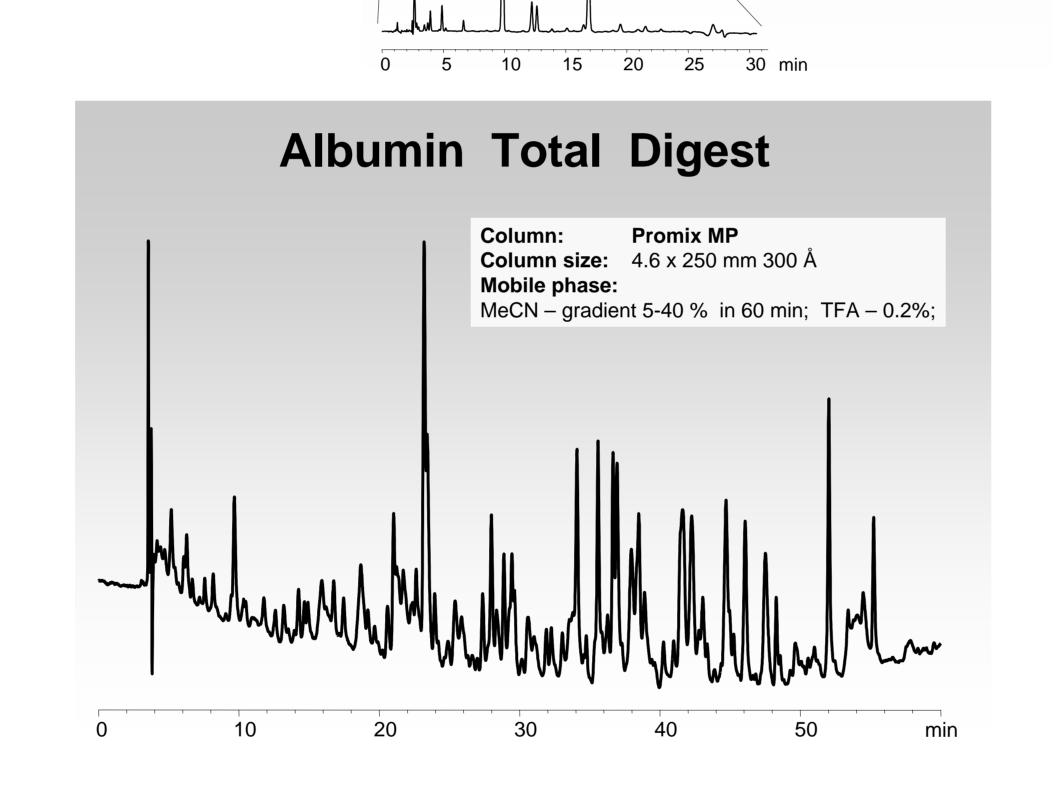


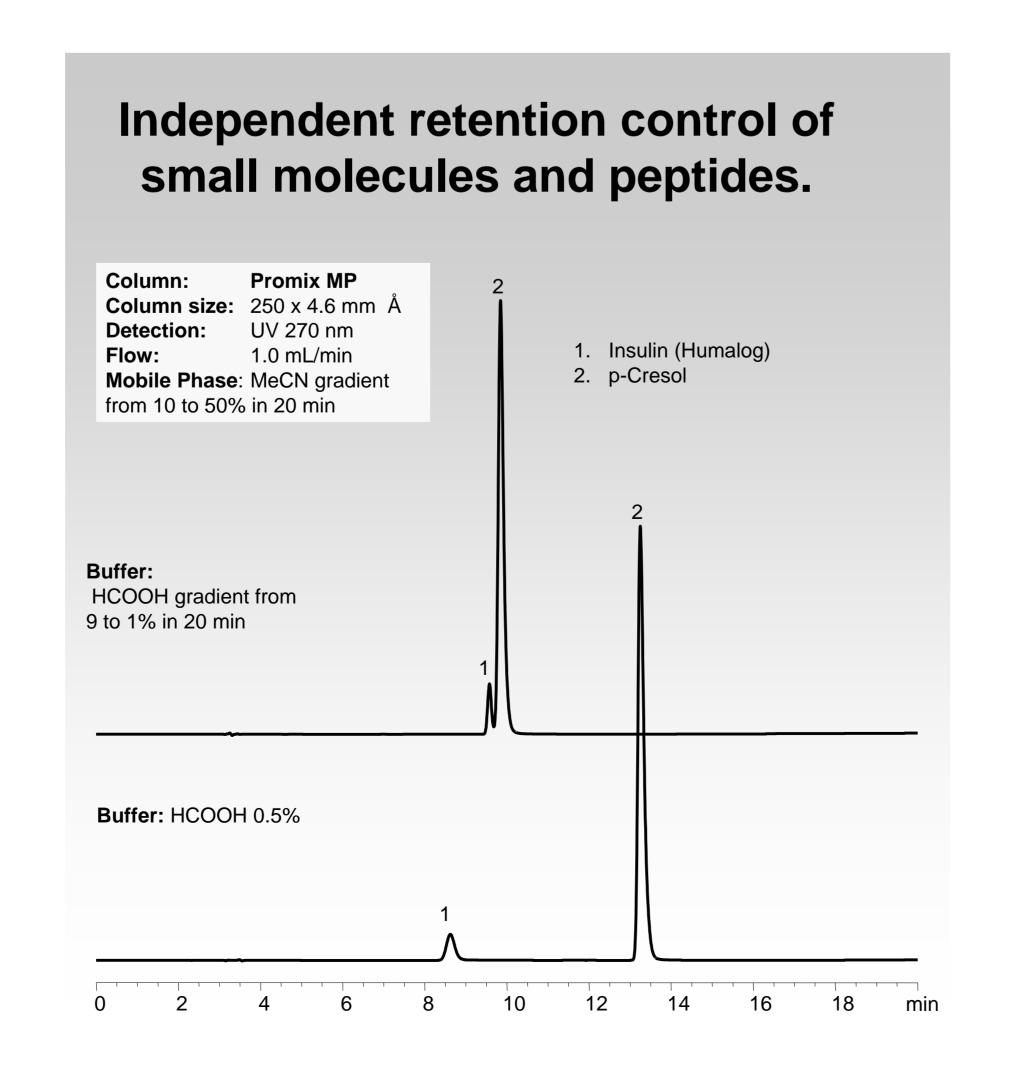
Three main technologies are widely acceptable in protein and peptide unparallel selectivity and peak capacity. For example molecules of insulin separation: reverse phase, ion-exchange, and size exclusion. Diversity of different only in positioning of two amino acids can be separated and identified. proteins and peptides and constant needs for better separation of bio- Peak capacity of protein digest is significantly higher in this mixed-mode molecules of similar structure requires new and alternative ways to separate. separation if compare with either mode of separation when applied alone. We found that peptides and proteins can be efficiently resolved with new Similarly to traditional ion separation the buffer concentration play an important alternative chromatography technology. This technology based on a role in this new technology altering the degree of ionic interaction of the combination of two interactions working at the same time - hydrophobic biomolecules with stationary phase. Amount of organic modifier is equally interaction and ionic interaction. This approach became possible due to a new important for degree of hydrophobic interaction. Modification independently of type of separation media which construct as a chemical combination of amount of buffer and organic modifier create infinite number of separation hydrophobic functional group and ionic one. The stationary phase was specially conditions that suitable for many type of biomolecules. modified for separation of big molecules. Using this phase we achieved

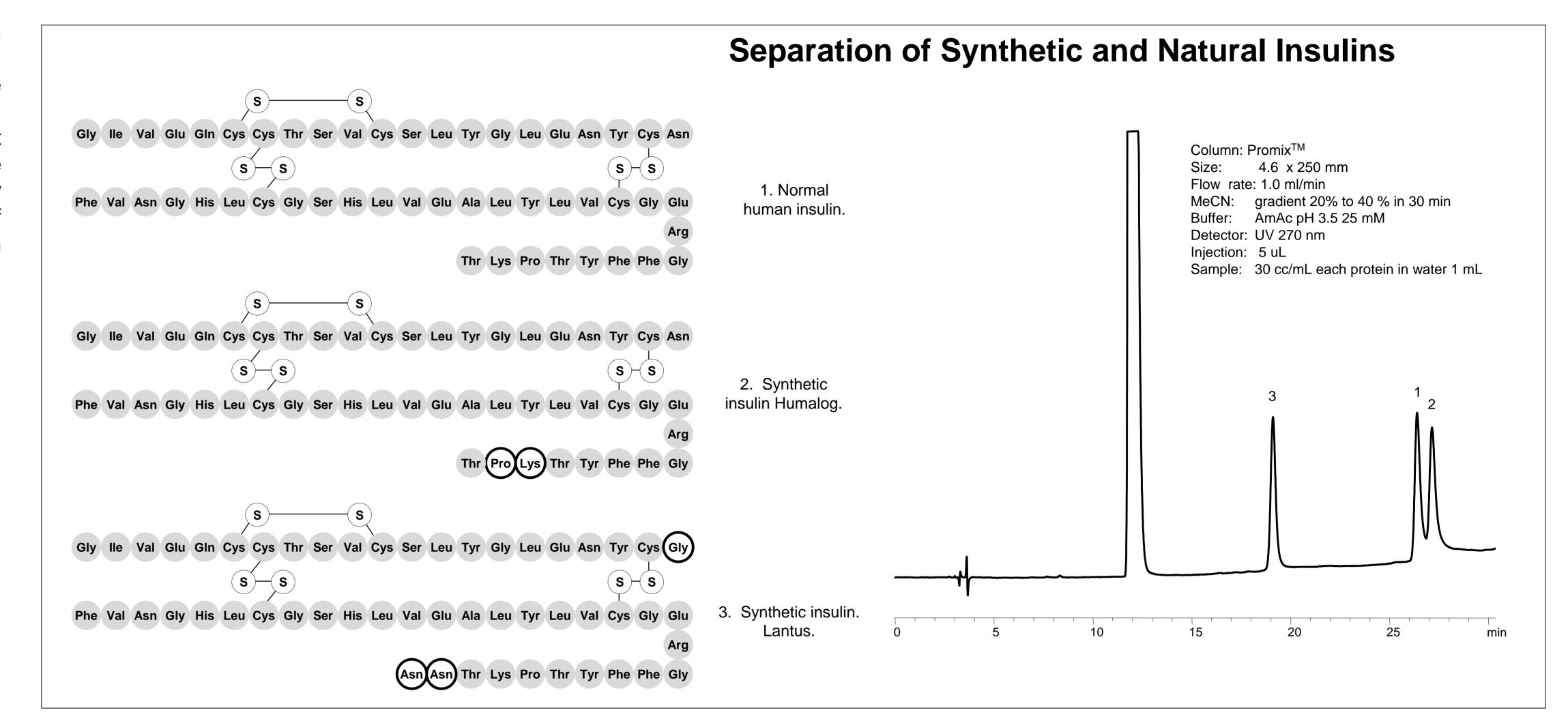


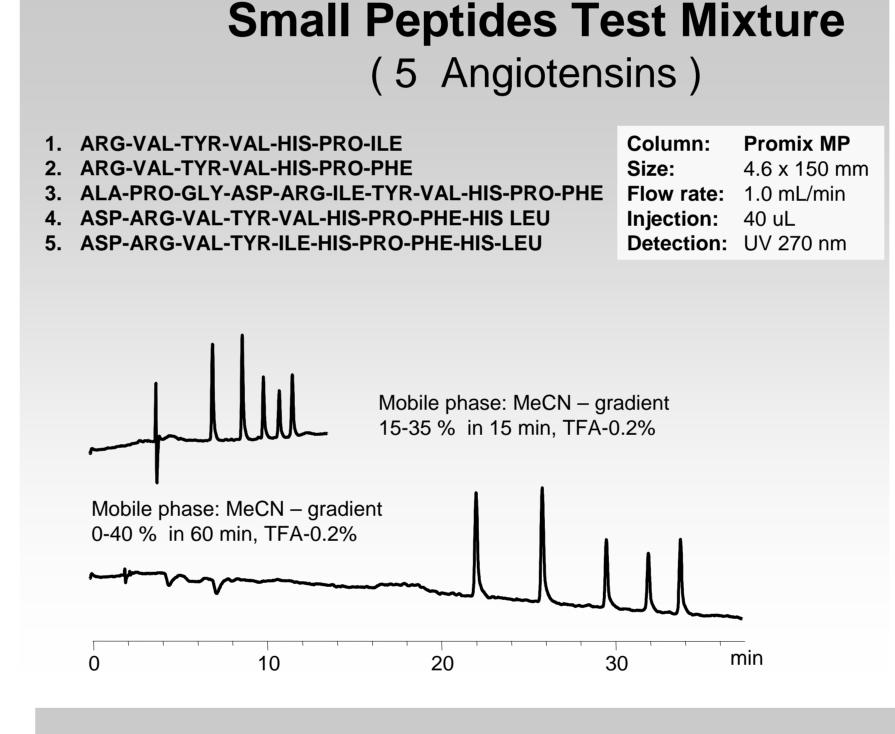


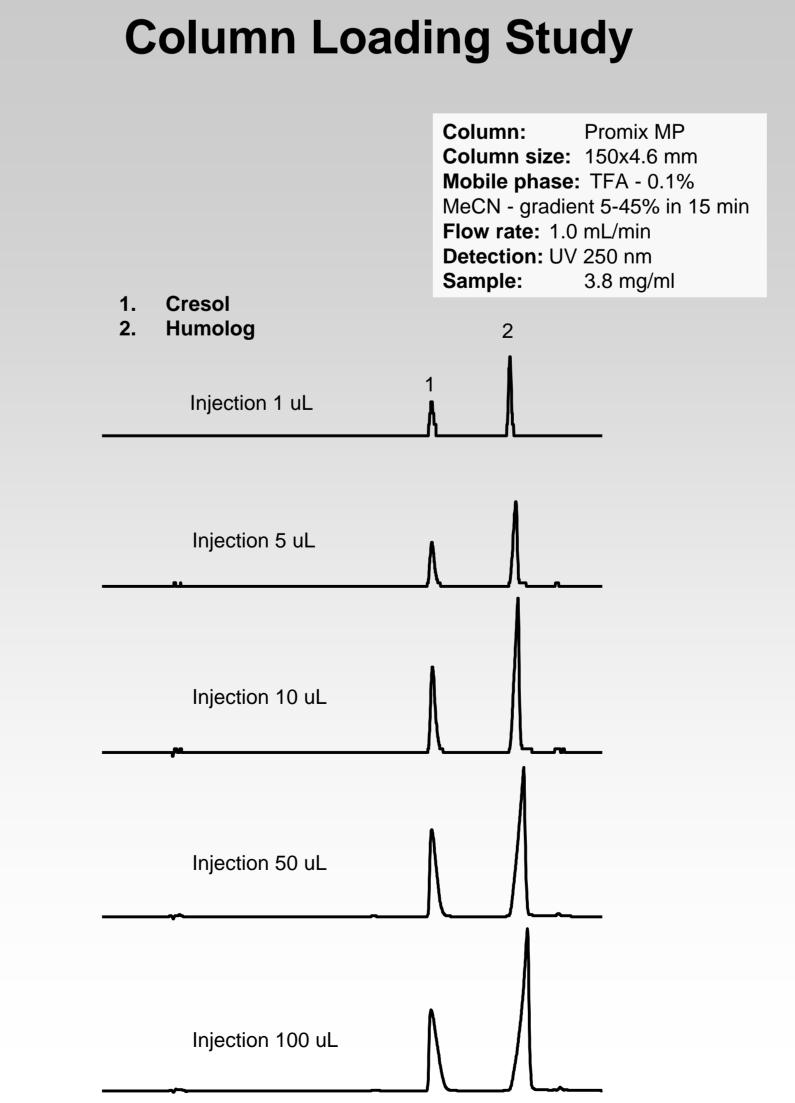




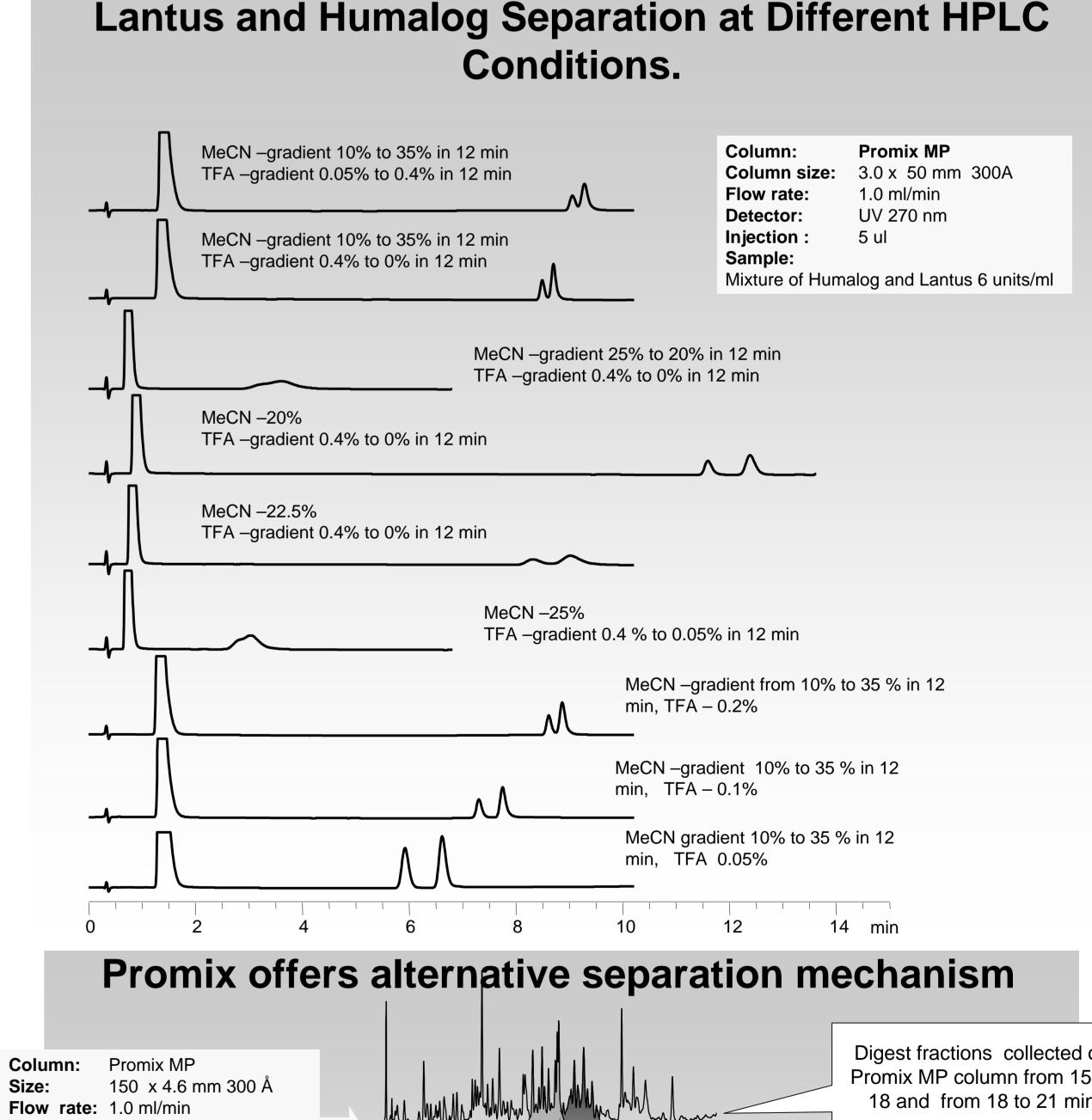


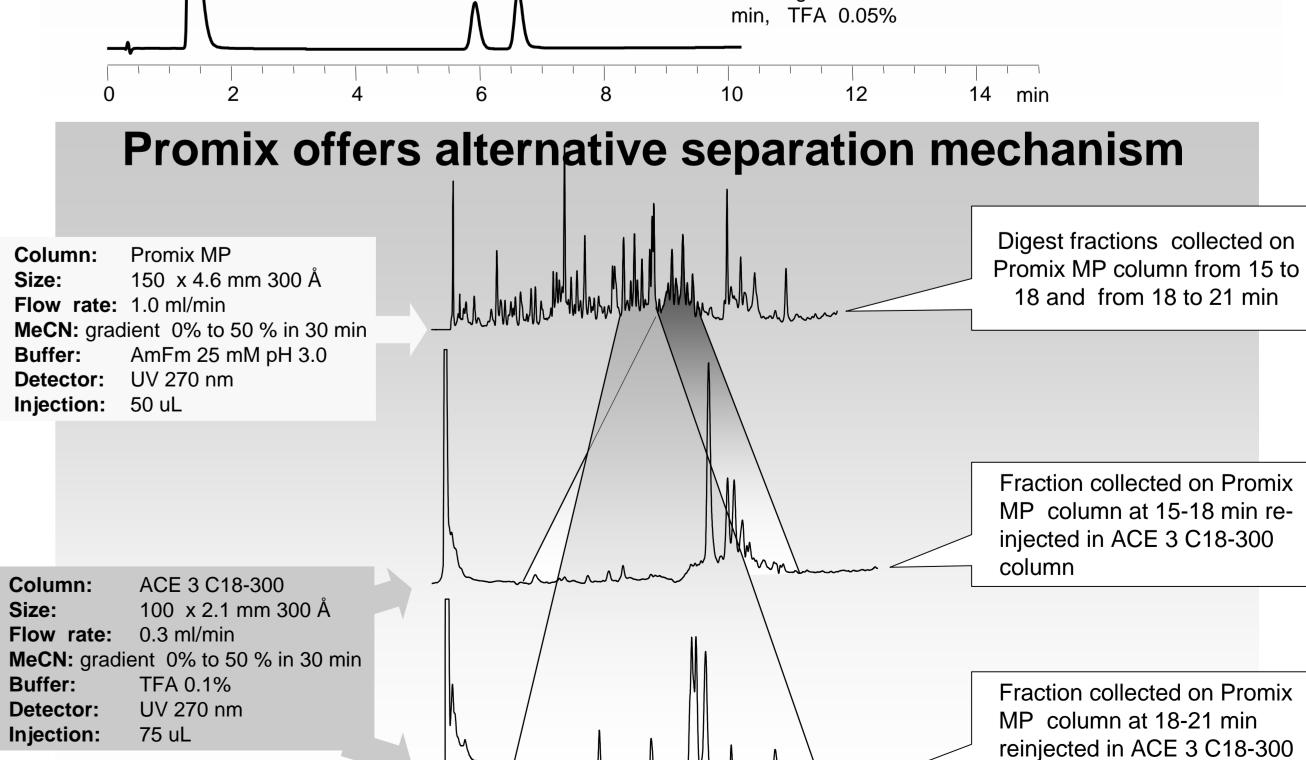






7.5 10





20 25 30 min

column

15